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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/328,484	06/09/1999	HIDEAKI FUNAKOSHI	3064NG/47927	6889
7590 03/11/2005			EXAMINER	
CROWELL & MORING LLP			BROWN, RUEBEN M	
INTELLECTUA	AL PROPERTY GROUP			<del></del>
P.O. BOX 1430	0		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTO	N, DC 20044-4300		2611	

DATE MAILED: 03/11/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/328,484	FUNAKOSHI, HIDEAKI			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Reuben M. Brown	2611			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stany reply received by the Office later than three months after the meanned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a n. reply within the statutory minimum of thirt fiod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute. cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed by (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. IANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	4 Octob <u>er 2004</u> .				
,— ·	This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 3,4,7 and 8 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 3,4,7 and 8 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	drawn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeyan	ice. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for force a) □ All b) □ Some * c) ☑ None of:  1. ☑ Certified copies of the priority docum 2. □ Certified copies of the priority docum 3. □ Copies of the certified copies of the priority docum application from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ents have been received. ents have been received in A priority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)	_	·			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	· —	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date			
<ol> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>		nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 7 & 8 have been considered but are moot in 1. view of the new ground(s) of rejection. On page 8 of applicant's remarks, it is stated that since Lownes discloses at least one instance in which a program signal may contain only one program which may be HDTV or it may contain as many as five programs, each being an HDTV or SDTV, the reference is different from the present invention. Examiner respectively disagrees and points out that, in both Lownes and the present invention the packet ID that represent particular programs or sub-channels are transmitted in the PAT, or PMT for particular programs. This information (including packet IDs, i.e., PIDs) represents the programs that are transmitted within a particular transport stream. However, Lownes goes on to discuss that a program correspondence table is built by the microprocessor 114, which is based at least in part on the PAT and/or PMT & stores the program information in FIFO array structures, so that they may be easily accessed, see col. 8, lines 42-58.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all 2. obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 3-4 & 7-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lownes, (U.S. Pat # 6,369,861), in view of Ozkan, (U.S. Pat # 6,111,611).

Considering claim 7, the claimed digital broadcast receiving comprising:

'a transport unit for separating dividing a digital broadcast that has been subjected to demodulation in order to output the separated/divided digital broadcast toward a decoder', is met by the operation of the transport processor 220, which receives the demodulated video from tuner 110, via channel data processor 210 and delivers the data to audio and video processors 118 & 120 (which in turn decodes the received audio & video), see col. 2, lines 19-56; col. 3, lines 15-30; Fig. 1 & Fig. 2.

'memory unit for storing a relationship of each of a plurality of sub-channels of multichannel broadcasting to each of a plurality of packet IDs in a table, wherein the sub-channels are defined on a standard definition broadcast basis', is met by the discussion in Lownes that a 'program correspondence table' is built by the microprocessor 114 and stored in memory, (col. 7, lines 22-45). This 'program correspondence table' uses the PAT and PMT (program association table & program map table, respectively), to match sub-channels that are stored as FIFO structures with their PIDs, (col. 7, lines 45-67). According to Lownes this technique make it

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easier to switch back and forth between program arrays, since they are already queued in the FIFO arrays, stored at the subscriber's terminal, see col. 8, lines 42-49.

'broadcasting detecting unit for detecting one of one-channel broadcasting (HDTV) and multi-channel broadcasting (SDTV) according to a packet ID which is included in the digital broadcasting signal and has been inputted to the broadcast detecting unit from the transport unit' reads on the discussion in Lownes that according to the ATSC and MPEG-2 standards, transmitted video programming include a signal, (i.e. packet) that identifies the video programming as either a single program (HDTV) or multi-channel programming (SDTV), see col. 1, lines 25-34 & col. 2, lines 11-17.

As for the specific detail of the packet ID being inputted into the detecting unit from the transport unit, Lownes is not explicit as to where the detecting is located. However, Ozkan, which is in the same filed of endeavor discloses an arrangement wherein processor 22 receives a transport stream and decodes, i.e., detects the, PSI (program specific information) of selected programs as identified by their packet IDs (PIDs), see col. 5, lines 1-34. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to operate Lownes according to the teachings of Ozkan, (col. 3, lines 10-65) detecting the specifics of programs after demodulation and deinterleaving, at least for the known advantage that the streams are now in MPEG format and may be processed with an MPEG processor.

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'sub-channel control unit for controlling the transport unit so that when a result detected by the broadcast detecting unit indicates the multi-channel broadcasting, a predetermined packet ID of a set sub-channel is read out of the table and the corresponding broadcast signal is output', Lownes teaches an example of a user scrolling through programs or using the PROG SEL button 314, col. 7, lines 45-67 thru col. 8, lines 1-35. In the examples, when the user scrolls to the last program, i.e. sub-channel in a tuned RF channel, the system may automatically extract the sub-channel information for the first program, i.e. sub-channel in the tuned RF channel or automatically tune to the next RF channel and automatically extract the first sub-channel of instant RF channel. In Lownes the sub-channels are chosen based on their PID, i.e., packet ID, see col. 7, lines 64-67; col. 8, lines 1-6 & col. 8, lines 18-26.

Both of these scenarios read on the claimed 'predetermined packet ID of a set sub-channel', since in both instances the receiver extracts and presents a default or predetermined sub-channel, based on the circumstance. Thus the sub-channel control unit reads on the operation of the microprocessor 114.

'a setting unit for setting the set sub-channel to be initially displayed when the onechannel broadcasting is switched to the multi-broadcasting, and a recording unit for holding the sub-channel set via the setting unit, wherein the sub-channel control unit controls the transport unit so that when the result detected by the detecting unit indicates the multi-channel broadcasting, a broadcasting signal including packet ID corresponding to the sub-channel held in the recording unit is outputted' reads on the discussion in Lownes, that when a user selects a

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different program (within a multi-channel broadcasting signal) that the program number is held in memory and displayed with the OSD; see col. 6, lines 4-50; Fig. 4 & Fig. 5. Thus the setting

unit reads on the operation of the microprocessor 114.

Considering claim 8, the claimed computer software product for performing a method of

controlling a digital broadcasting receiver, to perform the subject matter discussed above in the

rejection of claim 7, is met by the combination of Lownes & Ozkan. In particular, both Lownes

(col. 2, lines 21-22; col. 3, lines 58-67; col. 4, lines 38-46) & Ozkan (col. 3, lines 44-50) teach

that a microprocessor may be used to carry out instructions for performing the features, which

inherently requires the claimed computer readable medium having stored therein the program

code segments.

As for the additional feature of the OSD superimposing data on the screen, Ozkan teaches

that the OSD may be presented as an overlay, which reads on superimposing, col. 9, lines 50-60.

It would have been obvious to operate Lownes according the overlay teaching of Ozkan, at least

for the desirable benefit of simultaneously displaying video information and EPG data.

Considering claim 3, the claimed feature is met by the discussion of Lownes of either

direct channel selection or the use of the scroll feature col. 7, lines 15-65 & col. 8, lines 1-35.

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Considering claim 4, the claimed subject matter is broad enough to read on displaying the sub-channel within a multi-channel broadcasting signal, which reads on the disclosure of Fig. 4 of Lownes.

## Conclusion

- 4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- A) Morrison Teaches display and selection of HDTV or SDTV programming.
- B) Kondo Teaches that a default sub-channel may be automatically selected, when an RF channel is selected by a user.
- Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 872-9306, (for formal communications intended for entry)

Or

(703) 746-6861 (for informal or draft communications, please label "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT")

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington. VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Reuben M. Brown whose telephone number is (703) 305-2399. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:30-6:00), First Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher Grant can be reached on (703) 305-4755. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306 for regular communications and After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4700.

Reuben M. Brown

HATTRAN PRIMARY EYAMINER